# **Corp. Terry Alan Johnson**

### **From Janice Bolinger**

The Wall That Heals

Terry Alan Johnson, of himself. Monrovia, lost his life in Dinh Twong, Vietnam, on Nov. 2, 1968. He was the son of Myron E. Johnson and Mary Lou Pease Johnson.

Corp. Johnson enlisted in the U.S. Army on his birthday in 1968. He was a member of the 9th Infantry Division, 5th Battalion, 60th Infantry, B Company. He was a machine gunner in his platoon of infantry rangers that became involved in a firefight with a numerically superior enemy.

he saved many lives before Conduct Medal. falling victim to the arms fire

His body was recovered and returned home to be buried at Pleasant FOUNDERS OF THE WALL Mt. Cemetery at

Hall. Unit Citation, Vietnam Gal- young men.

Drawing fire upon himself, lantry Cross and Army Good

VIETNAM VETERANS

MEMORIAL FUND

The name of Terry Alan Johnson is remem-

bered on The Wall at Panel W39, Line 10. Family mem-bers of Corporal Johnson

are requested to His service awards included contact The Wall That Heals, the Purple Heart, Combat In- Morgan County Committee fantryman Badge, Marksman- member Janice Bolinger at ship Badge, National Defense dlbjeb@comcast.net or 765-Service Medal, Vietnam Cam- 349-9862. The committee paign Medal, Vietnam Service hopes to make contact with Medal, Army Presidential family members of all 12

### 'More Than a Name on a Wall'

Twelve young men from Morgan County gave their lives during the Vietnam War. The names of eleven are listed on The Wall at the Vietnam Veterans Memorial in Washington, D.C.

As The Wall That Heals will be on display in Morgan County Aug. 15-18, memorial tributes will be printed about each of the 12 so that their service and sacrifice will be remembered. To all the citizens of this community, each one is "More Than A Name On A Wall "

(The title for this article must be credited to a song written by Jimmy Fortune in tribute to those whose names are listed on The Wall)





# May 1944 - World War II at 80

A Mooresville resident is laid to rest after combat in Italy

By Ronald P. May MCC Contributor

The month of May 1944 was dominated by final preparations for the upcoming amphibious invasion of Northern France scheduled for June 5.

#### England

Allied bombers dropped heavy bomb loads over coastal and inland areas of Normandy on May 6.

Targets included German naval forces located in French ports, inland troops and airfields used by the German Luftwaffe.

Roads and railroad tracks and

operational planning stage in 1942. In March 1943, a combined planning group was established, and by August, the invasion of northwest Europe was tentatively scheduled for May 1944.

President Roosevelt completed the last piece of the big puzzle for D-Day by selecting Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower as the Supreme Allied Commander for Europe.

He was responsible for making sure the complex partnership between the American, British and French military leaders resulted in a successful invasion.

Frenetic final planning filled the first five months of 1944.

By May, Operation Overlord was ready, and June 5 was selected as the date for D-Day.

Born on June 27, 1925, Chowning graduated from Mooresville High School and then joined the Army in September 1943.

Following his basic training at Camp Gruber in Oklahoma, he returned home and married his high school sweetheart, Maxine.

Chowning boarded a ship in early 1944 and arrived in Italy on April 18.

He was assigned to the 85th Infantry Division, which, for most of April, was kept busy holding defensive positions while facing the heavily entrenched Germans on the Gustav Line.

The 85th Division went on the attack on May 11 and successfully took several towns and villages along the southern most position on the line.

Their work was instrumental in helping open the Anzio beachhead.



## **Hoosier Soldier** Killed in Italy



MOORESVILLE, Ind., July (Spl.)—The war department has notifed Mrs. Maxine Chowning, of Mooresville, that her husband, Private Ellis Earl Chowning, was killed in action May 25 in Italy. Mr. and Mrs. Chowning were mar-ried last fall before the husband wort coverees in April went overseas in April.

Private Chowning, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Chowning, was born June 27, 1925, and was inducted into the Army September 3, 1943. He received his basic training at Camp Gruber, Oklahoma, and was ater sent to Ft Meade. Maryland

CLOCKWISE FROM FAR LEFT: A-20 light bombers strike the Pointe du Hoc strongpoint at Normandy in May 1944. (U.S. Air Force courtesy photo / Public Domain) // The Mooresville Veterans Memorial just south of Newy Elementary School holds the name of Pfc. Ellis Chowning, along with 23 other former residents who died in World War II. (Ron May photo / MCC) // (The Daily Reporter, July 7, 1944)

His name, along with 23 other Mooresville veterans who died in World War II, is preserved at the Mooresville Veterans Memorial on the campus of Newby Elementary School at Monroe Street and Memorial Drive.

The memorial was built in 1948, the same year that Chowning's remains arrived back in Mooresville, to honor the men who were killed during World Wars I & II.

The memorial replaced the former Community's Service Roll that had fallen into disrepair.

The memorial was rededicated in 1976 and included the names of those who served and died in the Korean and Vietnam wars.

The most recent expansion, in 2008, added the names of those who have died in the more recent War on Terrorism.

communication nodes were also bombed to slow German forces held in reserve from reaching the beaches quickly after the U.S. landings on D-Day.

On May 15, over 130 political and military leaders met at St. Paul's School in Hammersmith, England, for a top-secret joint briefing about D-Day to senior officers.

Attendees included top military leaders Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower, Lt. Gen. George S. Patton and Gen. Bernard L. Montgomery, as well as British political leaders King George VI and Prime Minister Winston Churchill.

Talks of an Allied invasion between President Roosevelt and Prime Minister Churchill that began in late December 1941 moved to an

#### **Italy & PFC Ellis** Earl Chowning

Meanwhile, 1,100 miles to the south and west of London, the battle for Monte Cassino in southern Italy finally ended on May 18 in an Allied victory.

More success came less than a week later when Allied forces finally broke out from Anzio, where they had been pinned down since landing there in late January.

Linking up with other U.S. Army divisions from the south, the combined forces making up the Fifth Army set their sights on Rome, 38 miles to the north.

One of the men in the U.S. Army forces moving toward Rome in late May was Pfc. Ellis Earl Chowning, of Mooresville.

For the remainer of the month, the division performed mop-up operations on the small peninsula jutting out from the port city of Gaeta.

While there, according to the May 31 issue of the Daily Reporter, Pfc. Chowning sent a cablegram from Italy to his parents and wife stating that he was doing well.

At the time his family received the encouraging cablegram, however, Chowning had already been dead for six days.

According to Army correspondence, Chowning died in action on May 25.

He had been on Italian soil for less than five weeks.

His wife and parents weren't notified of his death until July 1, when He landed on foreign soil April 18, 1944. Other survivors are two brothers and a sister.

a message informed them that the husband/son had died somewhere in Italy.

Joy came alongside of grief on Oct. 25, exactly five months after his death, when his daughter, Earladeane Marie Chowning, Jr. was born.

In late November 1948, three years after the end of World War II, Pfc. Ellis Earl Chowning's remains returned home to Mooresville from Italy.

Temporarily buried in Italy for several years, he was finally home. He was laid to rest at the Mooresville Cemetery.

#### India

The month of May also saw success in the war against Japan.

The Japanese attack on Imphal, India, which had begun in March, ended in failure on May 31 as Allied forces defeated the Japanese aggressors who retreated to Burma, having suffered heavy losses.

Japan would not threaten India again.

Next time: June 1944.

Learn more about Ronald P. May and his books at https://ronaldpmay. com or contact him at ron@ronaldpmav.com. View his videos on his YouTube channel: World War II Historv & Stories with Ron May.

